

# STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT PLAN FIRST DRAFT

**APRIL 2024** 

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#### 1. Introduction

The Lesotho Integrated Transport Trade and Logistics Project (LITTL Project) aims to improve climate resilient regional connectivity on the Katse to Thaba-Tseka road corridor, increasing logistics efficiency and improving border processes in Maseru, Ficksburg and Qacha's Nek. The LITTL project comprises the following components:

## Component I: Road Corridor Infrastructure Development (US\$ 60 million)

- a) *Sub-Component 1.1*: Upgrading of Katse to Thaba Tseka Road corridor to paved standard (US\$ 55 million). This sub-component would consist of upgrading the existing engineered gravel surfacing of about 55km in length. The proposed upgraded road will significantly contribute to regional integration benefits as it is part of the regional trunk road network through the Maloti Drakensberg Trans-frontier Corridor (MDTC)- Corridor number 3. The upgraded road will reduce travel times for motorists, lower road user costs (Vehicle Operating Costs), decrease accidents, as well as uplifting and boost the economic activity in the area it traverses, thus reducing poverty among the local population. The upgrade will also include walkway improvements in Thaba-Tseka town. The upgrade would advance Lesotho's poverty alleviation strategy and promote drivers of economic growth such as mining, agriculture, tourism, fishing, and commerce.
- b) *Sub-component 1.2:* Development of a sustainable road asset management system to ensure road maintenance and efficiency (US\$0.2 million). This sub-component focuses on investments in systems supporting road asset management, particularly assessment of existing systems, including financing mechanisms.
- c) *Sub-Component 1.3*: Spot improvements along the A1 Economic corridor (US\$ 4.8 million). The A1 corridor connecting between Maseru and Botha Botha serves as the primary economic corridor linking the three 24-hour commercial borders of Maseru, Ficksburg and Caledonspoort. The corridor also has a concentration of commercial farming and is linked to planned development of Climate controlled packing houses planned to be developed under the project. Improvement in this corridor will result in reduction of crop losses during transportation due to poor roads.

#### Component II: Regional Integration and Logistics Services (US\$ 15 million)

a) *Sub-Component 2.1*: Smart One-stop Border Post (OSBP) facilities at Maseru Bridge, and Maputsoe-Ficksburg and improvement of Qacha's Nek Border (US\$8 million). Along with South Africa, Lesotho plans to establish smart one stop border post at both Maseru Bridge and the Maputsoe-Ficksburg borders between the two countries to enable joint administration by South African and Lesotho border agencies, and facilitate movement of goods, people and consignments between the two countries in an automated non-stop process that does not require the truck driver or traveler to alight their vehicle. The OSBPs will require upgrading and reconfiguring of the existing physical border infrastructure, including the procurement of smart border equipment such

as number plate recognition, inline scanners, and systems integration to enable a collective, digital decision to be made at the joint border booth; to either automatically release the consignment or direct it into a secondary inspection process. Further improvement will also be made at Qacha's Nek Border.

b) Sub-Component 2.2: Inland inspection and laboratory testing facilities (US\$5 million). This subcomponent involves construction and equipping a central inland inspection facility that can service requirements by Lesotho's border agencies, including those located at the OSBPs, to perform physical examination of goods where required to mitigate risks identified by Customs, agriculture, health, standards, and environmental border agencies. The inspection center would enable easy access to and from the borders for traders. The facilities could be configured to provide audio and video communications links to the border agencies to inform the inspection and support reporting into the ASYCUDA World border processing system.

Component 3: Technical assistance and capacity building (US\$2 million). This will support implementation of Bi-National Commission Agreement between South Africa and Lesotho. It will consist of technical assistance and capacity building for the implementing agencies, along with facilitating a stronger regional dialogue on trade facilitation.

**Component 4: Contingency Emergency Response Component (\$0).** This component will facilitate access to rapid financing by allowing a reallocation of uncommitted project funds in the event of a natural disaster, either by a formal declaration of a national or provincial government of emergency or upon a formal request from the Government of Lesotho. Component 4 will use IDA Immediate Response Mechanism.

The LITTL project has various stakeholders that must be engaged during the project cycle hence the need to prepare a stakeholder engagement plan (SEP) as per the World Bank's Environment and Social Framework (ESF) Environmental and Social Standard 10 (ESS 10) on stakeholder Engagement and Information Disclosure. This Standard requires that the implementing agencies provide stakeholders with timely, relevant, understandable, and accessible information, and consult with them in a culturally sensitive manner, which is free of manipulation, interference, coercion, discrimination, or intimidation.

#### 2. Objective/Description of SEP

SEP is a communication tool aimed at enhancing project related information sharing with all stakeholders in a timely, culturally sensitive, indiscriminatory and transparent manner. The tool will outline an engagement plan with timelines to ensure efficiency, observe culture by choosing the appropriate time slots for engagements in communities using language used by the locals, identify all stakeholder groups including the vulnerable groups to avoid discrimination and inform stakeholders throughout the project life cycle. SEP will also aid a two-way communication

whereby feedback from stakeholders regarding project related activities will be accommodated through a well-established feedback mechanism.

#### 3. Stakeholder identification and analysis

The LITTL SEP identifies stakeholders as persons, organizations or groups who are directly or indirectly affected by the project activities, as well as those who may have interests in a project and/or the ability to influence its outcome, positively or negatively. These stakeholders are either affected and /or interested parties and their formal and informal representatives. Therefore, based on this definition, stakeholder identification will be based on the stakeholders' roles and responsibilities and their possible influence/interest on the project.

## **3.1.** Methodology

The methodology used for this SEP is premised on best practice principles for stakeholder engagement.

- a) **Openness and life-cycle approach**: public consultations will be planned for the whole project life-cycle approach, and these will be carried out in an open manner without external manipulation, interference, coercion or intimidation.
- b) **Informed participation and feedback**: Information will be provided to and widely distributed among all stakeholders in an appropriate format; opportunities are provided for communicating stakeholder feedback, and for analyzing and addressing comments and concerns.
- c) Inclusive and sensitivity: Stakeholder identification is undertaken to support better communications and build effective relationships. The participation process for the projects is inclusive. All stakeholders are always encouraged to be involved in the consultation process. Equal access to information is provided to all stakeholders. Sensitivity to stakeholders' needs is the key principle underlying the selection of engagement methods. Special attention is given to vulnerable groups that may be at risk of being left out of project benefits, particularly women, the elderly, persons with disabilities, displaced persons, and migrant workers and communities, and the cultural sensitivities of diverse ethnic groups.
- d) **Flexibility**: other forms of engagement will be adopted such as internet or phone-based communication in cases whereby the traditional face-to-face is inhibited.

## 3.2. Affected parties and other interested parties

#### a) Positively affected

The positively affected parties will be the direct project beneficiaries from communities with limited access or seasonal to key basic infrastructure, who will be provided with better access

through the road constructed between Katse and Thaba-Tseka including improved A1 Road. Construction activities will also offer direct benefits to the construction companies and employment to the local people. Indirect project beneficiaries are the tradeable sectors of the economy and the private sector, whose growth will be supported by job opportunities assisted by enhanced access and connectivity to the markets and services.

Furthermore, the project will directly benefit immigration, customs officers and health inspectors at Maputsoe and Maseru bridges as well as Qacha's Nek border facility including other agencies that work at the border. The Regulating authorities in Lesotho and South Africa also form part of direct project beneficiaries. Other stakeholders, including the public that cross the borders and communities involved in agricultural production will be direct beneficiaries of the project.

## b) Negatively affected

The negatively affected PAPs include individuals and institutions with various interests in the land within the project area. The project will likely affect assets such as agricultural land, standing crops, and structures along the road corridor. The structures include some within the road reserve and others outside. Owners of cemeteries are among other parties that will be negatively impacted on. Vulnerable groups such as women, children and disadvantaged individuals will likely be impacted by the project due to exclusion during engagements. Some businesses will temporarily be affected due to delays in transportation of goods during construction.

## Other interested parties

An interested party is any person, group of persons or organizations interested in an activity and may include project proponents, local or national authorities, politicians, traditional authorities, religious leaders, civil society organisations including non-governmental organisations (NGOs), community-based organisations (CBOs), and other businesses and/or private sector.

#### 3.3. Disadvantaged individuals and vulnerable groups

This group constitutes individuals or groups who will possibly be excluded from consultations and eventually not accommodated by the project design. These are children, women headed households and women led informal businesses, persons with disabilities and their caretakers, the unemployed, the elderly, orphans, youth and herders. Various reasons that limit their participation include but not limited to:

- Parents denying their children to participate in consultation meetings
- Fear of expressing themselves
- Language barrier
- Transport limitations
- Nature of disability

#### • Cultural limitations

Consultation design will be in such a way that it is all inclusive to ensure wider reach and reasonable representation of the disadvantaged individuals and vulnerable groups. Consultation design consideration will include the following:

- Location accessibility: universal access required
- Flexible hours: timing correspond to availability
- Duration of sessions: concise and brief to avoid fatigue
- Timely and wide distribution of invitations
- Services to improve participation: translator, sign language, accessible venues, focus group discussions (FGDs)

Table 1Identified Stakeholders for the LITTL project

No.	Stakeholder	Project Affected	Other Interested
		Parties	Parties
1	Principal chiefs		✓
2	District Administrators		✓
3	Local Chiefs	✓	
4	Local Councilors		✓
5	District Council		✓
6	Relevant Ministries, agencies,		✓
	regulatory authorities		
7	Land and property owners along the road corridor	✓	
8	Social Institutions (churches, schools	✓	
	and hospital/health centers)		
9	Motorists	✓	
10	Public Transport Operators (taxis, truck	✓	
	drivers etc.)		
11	Vulnerable groups	✓	
12	NGOs and CBOs		✓
13	Local Communities	✓	
14	Parliament members		✓
15	Micro, Small & Medium enterprises	✓	
16	Traffic and Road Safety Departments		✓
17	Lesotho Tourism Development		✓
	Corporation		
18	Lesotho Border Management	✓	
	Services/Border Management		
	Authority		
19	Academia		✓

20	Media	✓
21	Development partners	✓

#### 4. Stakeholder Engagement Program

## 4.1 Summary of stakeholder engagement done during project preparation

Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) was developed in 2022 during the project feasibility study. Community mobilization along the road corridor for participation in public meetings was undertaken. The SIA indicates that 31 villages in the Bokong and Thaba-Tseka community councils participated in the feasibility study. This constituted a total of 249 households and a total of 746 individuals whom 396 were females and 388 were males.

Refresher stakeholder consultations were held for various components of the project.

#### Component I

a) Sub-component 1.1 Upgrading of Katse to Thaba Tseka Road corridor to paved standard

Round table discussions were held on the 16-17 of April 2024 with the Councilors and Chiefs along the Thaba-Tseka – Katse road. The Thaba-Tseka Urban Council and Bokong Community Council were engaged respectively. At the former, the meeting was graced by the presence of the District Administrator and the Town Clerk. Seventy-two (72) members of the local authorities participated in the meetings (Appendix 1). The agenda covered the project rationale, planned activities, anticipated project environmental, social, health and safety risks and impacts, Grievance Redress Mechanism, invitations for public participation, prospects of local employment, approvals and permits.

The participants alluded to the bad road conditions and their impact on their livelihoods and day-to-day lives as articulated in the ESIA/ESMP reports. The challenges mentioned included:

- Increased road accidents
- Long travel times
- High vehicle maintenance
- Inconvenient travelling
- Adverse impact on business
- Poor access to socio-economic services such as the courts of Law, hospitals and schools
- Risk of children drowning when traveling to and from school
- Adverse impact on tourism

It was explained that all these observations the communities have on their road is the rationale for having the road upgraded to Bitumen Standard to address the challenges they are facing. The concerns of delayed processes for the proposed development were raised by the participants indicating that they no longer have any hope that it will ever materialize. It was indicated that the delays were a result of lack of funds, of which we believe if the World Bank approves the project, then it will commence.

The participants showed knowledge in road construction activities and their potential environmental and social impacts. They mentioned relocations of properties, blasting, quarrying and processing including the campsite establishment as construction activities which were confirmed as part of the planned project activities. They also mentioned the following potential E&S impacts: compromised family bonds/relationships, creation of temporary jobs, impact on fields both temporarily and permanently, damage to rangelands and wetlands; these were also confirmed as identified by the ESIA/ESMP reports.

The meeting addressed the expected approach of prevention and mitigation of project risks and impacts by taking them through the World Bank Environment and Social Framework (ESF). All the Environment and Social Standards (ESSs) were discussed with the participants. An interactive session allowed the participants to ask questions and make recommendations and the discussion was as per the appended minutes (Appendix 2). High interest by participants was shown in ESS2 and ESS5 and much time was spent on discussing them to provide clarity to the participants.

Emphasis was made on GRM under ESS 2 whereby worker grievance was discussed and ESS10 which covered project wide GRM. Support from the local authorities in preparation of community engagements that are planned for the near future was sought. Emphasis was also made to include the vulnerable groups during such engagements so that their inputs would also be integrated into project design. It was also requested that they support other stakeholders such as the Consulting Engineer, the Valuer and any other stakeholder that would wish to engage the communities as once the project has been approved these engagements will intensify.

On the way forward, it was articulated that once the Bank approves all the submissions in May, procurement of Engineering, valuation and construction services for design review, construction supervision, land and property valuation including road construction respectively will commence. The procurement and actual provision of services will take some time such that the anticipated start time for physical construction is likely to be in 2025. The design review will yield updated ESIA/ESMP and other related E&S documents which will be publicly disclosed on RD website.

The other critical issues discussed were approvals and permits for quarry, water abstraction and waste management. The steps required for water use are well known, and the contractor just needs to apply through the Department of Water Affairs. Future guidance and support for application for quarry licenses was requested from these local authorities. A challenge that the Contractors often face to be allocated dumping sites during operations was raised and the Councils committed to assist once the project starts.

In general, the participants are highly anticipating the project's commencement. They also applauded the team from RD for the insightful engagement that often other developers fail to do.

## b) Sub-component 1.3 Spot improvement of A1 economic corridor

A telephonic approach for engagement under this component was employed whereby the District Administrators for Maseru, Berea and Leribe districts were called and briefed on the proposed project.

The Project was introduced to the Administrators with reference to the proposal to rehabilitate the A1 Road in 2015. In 2015, a design was completed but implementation has not happened to date due to lack of funding. Since this is an economic route that services main border posts to South Africa, it has been prioritized to form part of the LITTL project for enhanced regional integration between Lesotho and South Africa. The scope will cover from Maqhaka (Maseru) to Hlotse in Leribe with key improvements at Maputsoe and Hlotse intersections. Due to time constraints, the telephonic discussion is just to initiate engagement at strategic level while the round table discussions with the councils and chieftains are yet to be held as well as community engagements. Support from the DAs offices going forward was sought.

The DAs are generally looking forward to the project implementation and are willing to offer any form of assistance that may be required of them. The list of the consulted is in the table below.

District	District Administrator	Contact Number
Maseru	Tsepo Lethobane	+266 62778657
Berea	Phahlane Makoko	+266 62606593
Leribe	Mohlophehi Mohobela	+266 59904416

#### Component II

The Ministry of Trade, Industry and Business Development conducted a border coordination workshop in February 2024 with the purpose of introducing the project to all agencies working at the borders in Lesotho and South Africa, as well as showing them where the project will be implemented at the Maseru bridge. The stakeholders who were consulted included the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Agriculture, Food Security and Nutrition, Immigration, Revenue Services Lesotho, Roads Directorate, Port Health, Lesotho Mounted Police Services, National Security Services, Border Management Authority South Africa, see Appendix 4.

The stakeholders stated that the project will contribute to reducing traffic jams caused by uncoordinated services or procedures at the borders. Therefore, the business community will save time and maintain the quality of perishable goods. Furthermore, the project will strengthen data

management system at the borders and movement of agricultural products between Lesotho and South Africa will be effectively monitored.

# 4.1. Summary of project stakeholder needs and methods, tools, and techniques for stakeholder engagement

The method of engagement to be employed will be dependent on the nature and needs of each stakeholder group. Therefore, below is a summary of each method and the list of stakeholder groups it will be applicable to.

Table 2: Applicable Stakeholder Engagement Method per stakeholder

Letters, e-mails, roundtable discussions  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information store the participate in project activities.  Information store the same time and elicit feedback from the participants.  Information sharing to interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project activities.  Information store conuncils, District councils, District Administrators, relevant Ministries, agencies, and regulatory authorities, members of parliament, road safety and traffic departments, Academia, development partners in Lesotho and South Africa  Land and property owners along the road corridor, Social Institutions (churches, schools and hospital/health centers)  Including ad-hoc conversations that will gather additional information from stakeholders. The semi-structured interview will enhance controversial discussions, two-way communication and focused engagement. Public gatherings allow messages to reach mass numbers at the same time and elicit feedback from the participants.  Including ad-hoc controversial discussions, two-way communication and focused engagement. Public gatherings allow messages to reach mass numbers at the same time and elicit feedback from the participants.	Method	Description	Target Stakeholders
Structured or unstructured questionnaires  This assists in revealing opinions, beliefs and attitudes of individuals or groups.  One-on-one interviews, semistructured interviews and public meetings (Pitsos)  One-on-one interviews and public meetings (Pitsos)  One-on-one may be used for evaluation; it can be informal including ad-hoc conversations that will gather additional information from stakeholders. The semistructured interview will enhance controversial discussions, two-way communication and focused engagement. Public gatherings allow messages to reach mass numbers at the same time and elicit feedback from the participants.  Land and property owners along the road corridor, Social Institutions (churches, schools and hospital/health centers)  Local communities, Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) , public transport operators		interested parties and extending invitations to participate in project	community and district councils, District Administrators, relevant Ministries, agencies, and regulatory authorities, members of parliament, road safety and traffic departments, Academia, development partners in
structured interviews and public meetings (Pitsos)  evaluation; it can be informal including ad-hoc conversations that will gather additional information from stakeholders. The semistructured interview will enhance controversial discussions, two-way communication and focused engagement. Public gatherings allow messages to reach mass numbers at the same time and elicit feedback from the participants.  Small & Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) , public transport operators		opinions, beliefs and attitudes	Land and property owners along the road corridor, Social Institutions (churches, schools and hospital/health centers)
	structured interviews and	evaluation; it can be informal including ad-hoc conversations that will gather additional information from stakeholders. The semi-structured interview will enhance controversial discussions, two-way communication and focused engagement. Public gatherings allow messages to reach mass numbers at the same time and elicit feedback	Small & Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)
(FGDs) non-intimidating environment	Focus group discussions (FGDs)	The FGDs provide a relaxed, non-intimidating environment	Vulnerable groups

r .		
	for a small group of	
	stakeholders (not more than	
	12) who have common	
	vulnerabilities (a FGD for	
	people with disability). The	
	method reveals information	
	on preferences and opinions	
	of participating groups.	
Flyers, mass media (radio and	These allow mass coverage of	NGOs and CBOs, motorists
television), social media,	stakeholders countrywide and	
websites	internationally therefore they	
	can be used for information	
	dissemination to the	
	interested parties.	
Phone calls	Urgent messaging that	Media
	requires short turn-around	
	time	

# 4.2. Stakeholder Engagement Plan

Table 3:Stakeholder Engagement Plan

Project Stage	Estimated Date/Time Period	Topic of Consultation/Message	Method Used	Target Stakeholders	Responsibilities
Preparation	July 2024	Rationale for the project  Planned activities  Anticipated project environmental, social, health and safety risks and impacts  Grievance Redress Mechanism  Invitations for public participation  Prospects of local employment  Approvals and permits	Letters, e-mails, face-to-face	District Administrators, Principal and local chiefs, local and district councils, relevant Ministries, agencies, and regulatory authorities, members of parliament, road safety and traffic departments in Lesotho and South Africa	Environmental and Social Specialists RD and CAFI
	April 2024	Rationale for the project Development of Gender Action Plan (GAP) Land and property valuation	Structured or unstructur ed questionna ires	Land and property owners along the road corridor, Social Institutions (churches, schools and hospital/health centers), MSMEs	Environmental and Social Specialists RD and CAFI

	August 2024	Compensations and relocations GRM Rationale for the project Planned activities Anticipated ESHS risks and impacts, proposed mitigation measures Labour recruitment (LMP) GRM	One-on- one interviews , semi- structured interviews and public meetings (Pitsos)	Local communities, MSMEs, public transport operators	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI and HR RD
IMPLEME NTATION	September 2024 - 2029	Progress updates  Establishment of GRCs  Sensitization about SEA/SH/TIP	Letters, e-mails, face-to-face, press release, public notices	District Administrators, Principal and local chiefs, local and district councils, relevant Ministries, agencies, and regulatory authorities, members of parliament, road safety and traffic departments in Lesotho and South Africa, media houses, academia, public	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI, PR RD, PR Trade
		Stakeholder feedback	WhatsApp , telephone, suggestion boxes,	Project-Affected parties, vulnerable groups/individuals and other interested parties	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI, PR RD, PR Trade

			emails, regular meetings		
	Ongoing	Environmental and Social Management Plan, GAP, Health and Safety Management Plan, Traffick Management Plan, employment opportunities, GRM, contractor-community engagement, feedback on input received prior consultations	Public meetings, workshops , FGDs on specific topics/gro ups	Project-Affected parties, vulnerable groups/individuals and other interested parties	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI, HR RD, consultants and contractors
Maintenanc e	Beyond construction phase	Day to day road use, Road Safety Risks Special needs, Other risks and challenges, Routine maintenance, safety and risks of cold packing houses, routine maintenance of borders, feedback on input received prior consultations	Interviews , public meetings, workshops , FGDs	Community living along the project areas, local government agencies, NGOs, CBOs.	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI, HR RD, consultants and contractors

# 4.3. INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STRATEGY

Table 4: Information Disclosure Strategy

PROJECT STAGE	INFORMATION TO	METHODS	TARGET	RESPONSIBILITIES
	BE DISCLOSED	PROPOSED	STAKEHOLDER	
Planning	Project concept note	Websites and social media, emails, meetings that are accessible for	District Administrators, Principal and local chiefs, community and district councils, relevant	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, and CAFI
		different groups and during times and in places where everyone can participate.	Ministries, agencies, and regulatory authorities, members of parliament, road safety and traffic departments in Lesotho and South Africa, media houses, academia, public	
Design	ESMF, ESMP, LMP, SEP, ESCP, RAP, GAP	Websites and social media, emails, radio, TV, print media, meetings that are accessible for different groups and during times and in places where everyone can participate.	the project areas, relevant Ministries and Agencies, community and district councils, NGOs, community leadership, business community,	Environmental and Social Specialists RD and CAFI
Implementation/Construction	Progress reports: - Implementation of site specific ESMP, and	Websites, Stakeholders' email addresses,	Communities living along the project areas, relevant Ministries and Agencies,	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI

	LMP; -Implementation of ESCP, SEP, GRM, GAP and any documents related to ESIAs.	meetings, visual displays, public gatherings	community and district councils, NGOs, community leadership, business community, transporters and general road users, border users, farmers, district administrators.	
Closure	Rehabilitation and closure plans	Websites, Stakeholders' email addresses, meetings, visual displays, public gatherings	Communities living along project areas, relevant ministries and agencies, community and district councils, NGOs, community leadership, business community, transporters and general road users, border users, farmers, district administrators.	Environmental and Social Specialists RD, CAFI

# 4.4. Reporting back to stakeholders

Stakeholders will be kept informed as the project develops, including reporting on project environmental and social performance and implementation of the stakeholder engagement plan and Grievance Mechanism, and on the project's overall implementation progress.

# 5. RESOURCES

The E&S team consisting of representatives from the Roads Directorate, Competitiveness and Financial Inclusion Project and Smallholder Agriculture Development Project II will oversee Stakeholder Engagement Plan activities, and the budget for the implementation of SEP will be included in component 3 of the project. The table below details the budget for this SEP.

Budget Category	Quantity	Unit Costs	Times/Years	<b>Total Costs</b>	Remarks
1. Estimated staff salaries $^{st}$ and related expe	nses				
1a. Travel costs for staff	10	1700	60	1,020,000.00	
				-,,,,,,-	
2. Events		<u>l</u>		<u> </u>	
2a. Translators/sign language interpreter	2	3000	10	60,000.00	
2b. Transport	40	150	10	60,000.00	
2c. Accessible venues	1	3500	10	35,000.00	
3. Communication campaigns					
3a. Posters, flyers	1	10	5000	50,000.00	
3b. Mass media (radio, Tv, newspaper)	1	5000	20	100,000.00	
3c. Road Safety Awareness Campaign	20	1700	3	102,000.00	
4. Trainings					
4a. Training on social/environmental issues for PIU and contractor staff	1	50,000.00	3	150,000.00	
4b. Training on gender-based violence (GBV) for Project Implementing Unit (PIU) and contractor staff	1	50,000.00	3	150,000.00	
5. Beneficiary surveys					
5a. Mid-project perception survey	1	250,000.00	1	250,000.00	
5b. End-of-project perception survey	1	500,000.00	1	500,000.00	
6. Grievance Mechanism					
6a. Training of GRCs	10	1,700.00	5	85,000.00	
6b. Suggestion boxes in villages	10	2,000.00	1	20,000.00	
7. Other expenses					
7a. Contingencies				334,700.00	
TOTAL STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMEN	Г BUDGET	:		3,681,700.00	

# 6 GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

The main objective of a GM is to assist to resolve complaints and grievances in a timely, effective, and efficient manner that satisfies all parties involved.

#### 6.1 DESCRIPTION OF GRM

Lesotho has a well-established National Contact Centre which is a platform that serves as a link between government ministries and the nation by inviting questions, compliments and complaints and finding solutions to challenges people encounter daily. The queries are submitted through email at <a href="mailto:contact.centre@gov.ls">contact.centre@gov.ls</a> and facebook page at Lesotho National Contact Centre. The Roads Directorate (RD) has been receiving grievances from various projects being implemented across the country through this platform. In addition to this national platform, RD has established digital GRM with support from the previous Transport and Infrastructure Connectivity Project (TICP) accessible on RD website at <a href="mailto:Roads Directorate">Roads Directorate</a> (rd.org.ls). The project will have a project specific GRM system whereby the project will designate GRM focal point to receive, log, solve or refer grievances at project level. A GRM log register is appended (Appendix 3). Various forms of submission will include walk-ins, suggestion boxes located at project sites and calls to the GR focal person. Report on GRM management will be reported to the Bank on frequency to be agreed by the Bank and the Borrower.

STEP	DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS	TIMEFRAME	RESPONSIBILITY	<u>REMARKS</u>
Identification of grievance	Face to face; phone; letter, e-mail; recorded during public/community interaction; others	1 Day	GRM Focal Points, PR office RD, E&S Specialists, Community Liaison Officers	Email address; hotline number
Grievance assessed and logged	Significance assessed and grievance recorded or logged (i.e. on Grievance Register (appendix 1))	4-7 days	GRM Focal Points, PR office RD, E&S Specialists, Community Liaison Officers	Significance criteria: Level 1 –one off event; Level 2 – complaint is widespread or repeated; Level 3- any complaint (one off or repeated) that indicates breach of

Grievance is	Acknowledgement	7-14 Days	GRM Focal Points,	law or policy or this ESMF provisions
acknowledged	of grievance through appropriate medium		PR office RD, E&S Specialists, Community Liaison Officers	
Development of response	Grievance assigned to appropriate party for resolution.	4-7 Days	- GRM Focal Points, E&S Specialists, GRCs	
	Response development with input from management/ relevant stakeholders	7-14 Days		
Response signed off	Redress action approved at appropriate levels	4-7 Days	- GRM Focal Points, E&S Specialists, GRCs	
Complaints Response	Redress action recorded in grievance logbook. Confirmed with complainant that grievance can be closed or determine what follow up is necessary.	4-7 days	- GRM Focal Points, E&S Specialists, GRCs	
Close Grievance	Record final sign- off of grievance. If grievance cannot be closed, return to step 2 or refer to sector minister or recommend third- party arbitration or resort to court of law	4-7 Days	- GRM Focal Points, E&S Specialists, GRCs	Final sign off on by LITTL Coordinator

# THABA - TSEKA URBAN COUNCIL 16 -04 - 2024 P.O. BOX 206 - THABA - TSEKA 550

ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

DISTRICT: THABA-TSEKA

DATE: 16/04/2024

PLACE: Theba-Tseka-Woon Council

NAME	SURNAME	DESIGNATION	CONTACTS	SIGNATURE	Count
	Mari	councell	59/100320	->	KOE
Carre	mphoso	Counciber	63606065	There	K03
[sebar]		Councillor	57902230	an mocelos:	10 2
Matsabo	Note	Councilor	50727615	M. Nafe	tos
	Natarte	councilor	59219998	M. refacte	KD
Mantaote No Maphakiso		Counci lor	56253994	m Thanya	ko.
1 april 2	ato a att on ato o		50145286	po-	Kol
	- ntso nthoa- intso	Councilor	5729 1407	5. Joneba	Ko 7
sello	Sola Letsota	concilor	50174826	Phoetsota	KOH
1	261	care cop	54867349	M. TOBONE	103
Mahataura	Dulia Likhama	Chief/Thabord	3E 59 56408911	910	
Maliekolo Kh		Chief that TOP	58515704	Macket	
Toukiso	Phaila	Chucilar	57926362	Patio	1200
Makoae		Chief- 19 Home	5885 4849		

THABA - TSEKA
URBAN COUNCIL

16 -04 - 2024

P.O. BOX 206 - THABA - TSEKA 550

# ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

DISTRICT: THABA-TSEKA

DATE: 16/04/2024

PLACE: Thata-Tseka Orban Couli'

NAME	SURNAME	DESIGNATION	CONTACTS	SIGNATURE	Counc
10000000	Phaila	Chief/Ha Phaila	58052599	T, phaile	
TEEDO		Way Hill side I	59980779	*	
Teboho	Batere Moreri	chief/Kollbere	59977360	*	
Trietri		clier/Hamveko	59985701	70	
Gack	Moeto	Clief/Ha Mpora	57340766	MMPOJa	
Masupha	Mpora	10 1011/ax 05	58574507	Oklas	Ko.
MAFEIKI	TO MOTSEPA	CMIEF/HONE	59205538	5	
		(Het Hill Side?	594/4709	T-Secreta	
Bitiso	Seroko		E200130E	Qanottu	0
MOFEREFER	E RAMOTHIAMO	Chile nerg	59207291	Depone	
Toeyte	of more	Chief Mohlaker		SHEAT	
Samo 17 yarre 1	Vi Nade	Chief getheng	/	Nifod.	
Makutse	NTOO	chief mignot	57530007	J. Marte	
15 cadelo Le Kate	NA note	Chief Khoon		L. Lesi Gi	

THABA - TSEKA
URBAN COUNCIL

16 -04- 2024

P.O. BOX 206 • THABA - TSEKA 550

# ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

DISTRICT: THABA-TSEKA

DATE: 16/04/2024

PLACE: Thaba-TSeta Urban Council

SURNAME	DESIGNATION	CONTACTS	SIGNATURE	Coun
No to man	e thief mahla	10 0 56313934	Sm	
Macaman	(1) Lepthol	00515099522	5 4	
	Ha Kasa	59789898	Pre	
	Morena Pour	tsens 58443093	Hate	
	1 Thelose	o Mokling En 6353	94 1	
raure	morgina	163121653	na Vela See	
	morenatoio		M Letsie	
1			e Marke	
			The	
1 sibe la	10000			
	Mataman Mata Maote Routhit Whise Letsje	Matamane Chief Mahla  Matamane Chief Mahla  Mata Ha Kaka  Mache Morena Pour  Routhithe Morena Pour  Ihrulu Whooloogu  Letsie Morena Kolos  Maluke Ha-Sixish	Matamare Chief mahlanya & 6713934  Matamare Chief mahlanya & 6713934  Mate Chief mahlanya & 6713934  Mate Ha Kaka 59789898  Maote Morena Pontseng 58443093  Routhithe Morena Pontseng 58443093  Thulu Morena 163121653  Ihulu Morena 163121653  Iphwo koganeng 51815616  Letsie Morena Kolobere 59685437  Malufle Ha-SixiSHE 5873356	Matamane Chief mahlanya \$6713934 SM  Matamane Chief mahlanya \$6713934 SM  Mata Chief mahlanya \$6713934 SM  Mata Ha Kaka 59789899 Pro  Mate Morena Pontseng \$8443093 Afaste  Routhithe Morena Pontseng \$8443093 Afaste  Morena Pontseng \$58443093 Mate   Morena Mohang 50635394 Pro  Inhulu liphan kagang \$51815616 Millian  Letsie Morena kolobere 59685437 M Letsie  Malufle Ha-SixisHt 59733568 Mafe

# ROAD NETWORK PLANNING DIVISION STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATIONS

# **ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY**

ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

DISTRICT: THABA-TSEKA

PLACE: Katse, LHBA Bunsite hall DATE: 17/04 /2024

BOKONG COMMUNITY COUNCIL ADMINISTRATION OFFICE THABA - TSEKA

NAME	SURNAME	DESIGNATION	CONTACTS	SIGNATURE	Counci
	Seepheyle	thatlonto more	50166184	mylyla	
Malan	Phothela	Kiroho wso	57370H88	seft	
MakoeHare	Lephoto	MoRenahaRamia	x 56472938	Maryki	
Mongake Thamaha	thata/a	more na	53670116	Khitau	
	Rakwaane	morenasepharen	56678199	+	
hephoto	Matsimunyane	Court:10x	56239739	1. Masumage	K04
110 Hisag	Noko	Louns: tor	59099132	ARO	KOY
Key loe	55474	CCS	63343432	A S	KOY
MKNTY YAKE FL	TLADI	MOBERA HANKUMYA	£ 56088202	Jungo	
makhalane	mathingane	bcc	-59311296	makhaban	K04
Mamaine n	Mahlabenyane	more was Baruting	63442320	M. mehlatenyano	12
	kobeli	Morelled momenyale	62639591	Mohlolo	
Moniolo	Mpholo	Morena Rapai	58963970	Tefleso	
15chso 2'kheTha	Lotuka	Morena chena	59112853	de	1

BOKONG

COMMUNITY COUNCIL

17 APR 2024

ADMINISTRATION OFFICE

THABA - TSEKA

# ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

DISTRICT: THABA-TSEKA

DATE: 17/04/2024

PLACE: Katse, LHDA Townsite hall

NAME	SURNAME	DESIGNATION	CONTACTS	SIGNATURE	Counce
Kabai	Kala:	Hore na Makhadeng	57340230	Bla	
Mokete	Molefi	Morona, Linkvanency	59486725	7	
NEOpme	notesoti	morce Cetteray		6 X	+
mo b bleh	nelitelle	mores Baroa	-1/2	malikelle	
Kongono	Mothepa	Motene homolier	4 51711365	K mother	1
Malerato	Latereta	cancelara	57530533	Miletekan	K04
mpoloken9	Lekau	cancelara	5171102	m. Lekau	KOL
	LEKIBA	Councelara	57472249	M. LEKIBA	K04
MAPHAKISO	Dohougase	conectors	56075751	Dollargare	104
Acphale	Remotoals	moneria	63219395 139659392	Monthodie	He denote
Maliphelso	Tollane	Comelara	(03040235	1. Tode	KO4
1586150	TEKANE	MMANCELARA	64002696	STERane	Kol
SIMOLLANG	Eckleoliola	more na sektioner	4 57134215	W Salvoted	
motore motorni	7-640	59408900		Dero	K04

# ROAD NETWORK PLANNING DIVISION STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATIONS

# **ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY**

# ATTENDANCE REGISTER FOR LOCAL AUTHORITIES

DISTRICT: THABA-TSEKA

DATE: 17/04/2024

PLACE: Katse, LHDA TOWN SITE HOM

NAME	SURNAME	DESIGNATION	CONTACTS		SIGNATURE	Counci
western a	Mphanye	RB	59472	2755	Ele	
Mphanya	Sekokotow		624386	27	M. Selectore	
Mosela Dudo	Katiba	Councillar			Drodo	104
-	Tepany	(664/100	59755	きョブ	200	1504
Coprospore	MOSALA	Counce lex	1		17506	KOLI
MOITUSI	Lenka	Moreno	563	69400	Klenke	2
Kabalo	Tomanyane	movena Hamaph	THE RESERVE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	60	L. Tomanyan	/ /
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Moxhau	Mirekele	Merena		2233	1 Dec	+
Oftekele	Sekaly	la méreret	571	12306	FSO ROLL	pok.
& Goel						
				ВО	KONG	
				COMMUNI	TY COUNCIL	
				ADMINISTR	APR 2024	

# Appendix 2: Minutes of the Meetings

STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION MEETING : THABA-TEERA\_KATSE ROAD Held at Thaba-Tseta Council on 16/04/2024 Aganda: Project Radonale, Stateholder engagement Plan and Methodology, Information disclosure, Reporting tack to Stakeholders, Grievances Redress Mechanism, Planned activities, a Prospects of local employment - Invitation for Public Participation \* Anticipated project environmental, social, hearth and supery itses and impacts. hypians e galie la thapelo le e mong on marena ka 10.30 pm DA a bula kopano ka ho amohela bohle, ho isa lituMelisa le thougho he bolde batsamaisi le lithe tre tenq. - A re sepheo ke no tsolde Itaba tsa tsela ea Thaba-Tsekon nof Malintle Petlane; maximeli oa Environment Roads. A ithalisa le ho hidrisa baselets. unmoho. A hidros sepher sa Ropano le ho botra baenno le ligholotso tsa tsela Tsona 0 - e tile te latelang - e baka i Kotsi - e ama moeto ka mato - e senya Thepa, makoloi -e Tsinaeha hubohloko @ A boa na moralo on tsela eo hore e momeroug on ho ntla fation. e mong so mareno are la tsela moralo retion o i eta los akoga /galog. Moj. Malintle a historio hore gholotes he chelete me Worl Bank e moreroug on no fana ka chelete have moren o gale,

- A re ko Motseanong to engoets have movers D hlohous lo fatsoe o no gala. mexpetsi ea ha lo etsoa tsela (fotso to Mof. Malirty) Litarales Thaiss es meseletti - e ama tlepa - litsa, mosimo, lifate, mato, titololos - ho chekoa Koari le ho sila majoe - ho Woma Plant le Kampo - ho hallejon to he ngohta thep a baking so tsenyo -e ama likamano tsa malapa Katamelo ea ho nyenyetatso littamorao tso tšebetso · Boitarabello ke La Moroutenaka la nyenyefatsa tšemyo, In agolida le la treba thepe e la ameliathepo te keameling to titoloho lekthick - ha motsepa ho isa Botong Likoti tso koari li the librite menyetta en litletetsi he band he tse line Modameti a historia ta Moralo as hore na ho Ha lauloa litaba tão tikoloho le sechala joang (environment ¿ social management Plan. World Bonk e hloka - Import Assessment - E phethative - Kliro - mokloa oa Kliro o hlakileng/o nang le Bralesso xho severson le mareno le macansehara. Batho la be ka hota 5 km bateny sa ho fililo ku nako molebetsing make estile.

-he myolitica batho to metse he nto etsoa lipalo-pale he nto lerrane le nepaletseng motse le motte. he latela these es mokonteroka.

- Bosebeth ba ka fetoloa nako le nako ho latela

- Whise etsemaissa ka probas on this on 1992.

- Matseliso o likotsi tse ku hlahang moseletsing

- Ho Lapatson messetsi en litselm baking sa litselm tse

khethelileng - Empo messeng hu hima ka manane.

\* Boitland bo Boitsoano
Bo etsoa ke mokonteraka ho labla baschets:
ho nutua baschetsi le selholo ho atamela le ho ruteha
ta sekual Exploitation à Abusc.

Thaiso ke hore ho hlahlyjoe taba ea Khino ntlheng ea ho bo haufi le meschetsi ho latela Karohano ea metre le boho le ba eona (e mong oa marena).

Koraho ka Mrs. Motlomelo le Mrs Malinte.

Khino e thabo ho latela tataiso le pursano ka affice

en DA, Mareno le li Councii hore la nirole ka nepo batho la the attella la fillo le la troa mosebetting la ipapiroa. Le 5 km

Potso: Ha the thibeloa thing ea boulo be hahang note to mette joang! Karaho te hore More no le 1 i council ba nee boileanabelle he nyola bathe ba nepahetteng, he folketsa menyotla ea bathe ba hishang ka note he mette.

10 ho fototso batho los lilolong utte e pokotso thalilonelos los likamonos to molapa.

Artso e ha livre na ha hiriteng malveneng ba orameloa joang.

\* ho the seletion le mareno le l'houneil he saroble mathete a thère. He lotele litsouele to metseng tou no utsana mossessing e that bobebe.

- Potso e bile hore no ho the hlades therements eo poleriki joang Khirong.

Karabi ke hore ebang ligholotio li bo teng mansneng ho kuba se mokhoa ea hore botho ba hlahise littetlebo ine li narolloe (gnevance Redress Melhanism)

(3) Environmental Munagement and Protection (ho sirelessa le ho laola titoloho, limela, liphospolo. Let libata the Sirelettweng

- \* Meximato le mérinato e khetlehiterg
- Lernala Kharetto (spinal alse
- 884100Ko
- Mofifi te limeletse ling tee lubkolori

so entering to sire letto litelolitoring

- Botteng to Kodse botonical garden to Wokumela
litelolitoring.

Poto ea Mgg. Malintle. Titoloho reng \* titoloho te sebato ce ataretsa majou, humela le troble tre fumorehang sebateng

Mekhoa ea ho kutulu likholiloeng tse kung metsi bakung. Sa tšebelito

- Ho temgoa kopo en tsebeliso la Water affairs

(9) Brophelo la botle la selhaba (Community Health i Safety)
- Boikarabello La la boloka selhaba e ba boikarabello ba
mokunteraka. Natong en tšebetso le kamunau.
Tilhisiso la polokaha en e-bo hore motivao a kenngoe
Le hore no a bolokaha joang.

Tietlebo e bile mokhou aa ho ravolla httaleho to mako joaloka thepa e senngoang le hikato tse nkoang.

Karah e lite hore e-ke ba amehang ha ka hlophira mekha ea ha siretetsa te ha sala marao litabatsa thepa e sentweng ke ba ramakalai. Me gholotsa e bagoe ke sichesete to ha lokisa

(6) Land pages from and Rosettlement

- ho be le timellous es mungo trepa le motonteration
baccing so phono le técheliso es thepa. L'he le bopaki.

- Ho be le trumellous tre ngotsoeng e le bopaki bateng
so trab-moras

- Thepa le sebaka se senteneng li be boenning bo betere
kamor's trebetto.

x librata tse annyonny ke tsels li puoa motselisso kamons litataisso tsa litsebi lu hakunya boleng ba matitelisto (Volnation) litsebi litu sebelisa

Thepa e ka ameliano, malitla, lifate, mulola a lipopali, liliba

Valuation of Property: Mot Khopotho Mothemelo
Motiseliso a there a etsoa hanngoe hophelong ha tsela
Thepa la les fapana e tselisoa ka les fapano ha
mofuto

- Pholliso e ha ka mothoa oa ha nelelana ka thepu joalaka matlo, masaka

-The ke poraloging e kato masino, motor le lijete no ipopisoa le lipalo (rates)

- Chelète a matéliso a disturbance e la harrigue tella e acaretta: trobbe tre amehileng kalvolimo lo matéliso a thepa.

- Poths to telisiony has be le litobornane the moleany

O Potso: Motho o ahelva mo a retang tapa the?.

-to Khothaletto he have chall to e be kahare
kapa hauti le moo motho a lulang ho late lu
liquifamo

(2) Posts: ke titokomane lige tse annohelehang. Hu x Haria tse seng form C e be karolo holima bopaki ha Council le morena ho goba ligho lotso tsa loikarabelli (abnerthip) (5) Valuers the peli IT schotsa joang? oa musto le ea itemetheng oa fechaba. \* Bo schotso inwho ho etha lipab the repoletheng ho se be le ea hatiteloang

the bolombe of the base of the

maikitlo ebile hore metseng metsareng e ka ntle ho neeli ea teropo eo Thabio-Tseko gholutso e ka fokola me li porus (li ka amohetelo, ho ntse ho ipapititore le setempe.

\* Thorolog en Urban Lounal maikatho e bite hore Council en Ke boikaratallo ba ha hladoba le ha nesepatea Litokamame.

to Potto re hore no palokulo LHDA e ne tšelisa batho ho to sebetno joang?

kanabo le hore ha tileng bo fice matieliso ha ba amagor ke tsela he te telisoe kaha meeli ea tsela e se e Milve le ha telisoa. Ho tha batter relords tha lampensetion ha LHDA have batho bo se phetoe ka matieliso

- Ho be le foalo-mora en hore batho la se hale ba Khuttela kalmira setsa sa tsela

15 - Molao o ta seletse pang lo totalla getsa sortielo? \* ho ho se be le nistao o hakilangits tocanto se so enerso ho jetisoa la garamente. (Petting calure no bo ability to har's tell kamono likopano to moreno ho the ethica jourg. Countil e 100 nto hoikanabello me hotho bao ba & tellos.

516 & Indigenous people (Batho ba Khall Schakeny)
- He ho batho be jordo Kaharja tikoloho

Maemo a set so (arthural heritage)

Ho be le Katamelo ho lekala la Bohahladi bakeng so

libaka tapa thepa ea bokhaba/setko moho le

bahusi bo tikoloho e joslo.

Stikholder engagement Plan (
\_ Mokhoa oa ho seletko le methohielo e fapaneng ea hatho le moemo a pono. joaloka bokoa le ter ling
\_ Ho seletsoma le lithetielo te maikuto a botto loolite ba ameliang. Ho kaba le moborose a littetielo a bolokelieng, litomiti te mang le boemeli ba mekholielo ealite e ameliang.
\_ Tebelio ea marangrang ho kopana/momelo litabotso selhabo, i.e. falebook page ea Roads Directorat, website.



STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION MEETING FOR THABA-ISERA\_ KATSE ROAD UPGRADE Held at LHDA Townsite Hall on the 17 APril 2024: 10:40 AM Stephen so Koramo: Ho Walosa ka Moreno oa wo ntlafatsa tselo(road upopalade project), Tsebelisano moho le selhaba ka methablelo ealle es sona, Mokhoa va phano, Phatlaletso ea litaba le pletikitano es nulaets, Meralo ea tiese to, Khiro, metseng, Moklar oa ho fetira le la anabela lillo, littetleso le maitento, Macro le la Rolett ba Ho lepa l'Hokotsi tse lle anna tikolòlio, bophelo, phelisano le polotello, le littormorao tio morero Bo billing teng topamony - Moifo a letala la litsela da titololo re polotelo (Environment and Safety) - Marena le malhauselara a tikololio ea Katse - RD Theba-tseka, Post bank Katse moj. Petlane a etsa littelito kamoria thapelo 1) mesekersi ea setsi -hu etta litsela BOKONG COMMUNITY COUNCIL - bo lokisa moo li seryehang 8 17 APR 7004 - matokho - ho hluaea sebata sa tsela ADMINISTRATION OFFICE THABA - TSEKA O-maikutho a sechabe to have tela e borning to blobactsung, - e sitisa ha filla makateng ku nako - t thepetse knowbo - e ama littlebelers the Makhotla - e thegeth liter letts to befleto, teliso ea bakuli e beha selhabu ie bana tlokotsing -e ama behaliauli

(3) macino a la tresa la Mireno Kanb as Labor to tela to one. \*tieliso es ho phethelo kapo Lo gara morero ce ghelotro e Warisa tepu \* - ha lastle ha technic making ev consultation - Warld Bank e serie ho akofiso morero ka thuso ea lichelete (4) Litaba 15a fikoloho le sechaloro \* Meseretsi es thakony . Phalling ea thepa - e ama Masimo-ho a ja ie ho Klasolva kemerri - e anno molopa - Khiro ie tikaliji ved mokonteraka sechapeng - Ho ghomisa - Ho there koart - there es likampo #0 bolulo \* litebello tra Banka e kholo ka likoloho le la sechaha > Nother to tolino the theselve e se e le tene, moralo on ho tribela le ho lada liquolotes poloteto le litaniano (minonmental à social management. COMMUNITY COUNCIL 30 Theleto mouso on teletro le baélecetsi on 1992 XDMINISTRATION OFFICE THE BALLERY . Matteriso a basebets 1972 Khino e se a ponaletro. moema a bolokelineng a těbetto le litokalo - Boikopanyo jogloku mekhatlu eu baktetsi - linako 15a phomolo joaloka matsatti a phomolo natong en bottoesse, bokuli

Phano le phothelatro es litalos jouloka likheo 150 meseletsi e floba ka lituala tse nepaletseng - nyoliso baking so be senong littles - Phathalatto ea likhe baking la litselo - Ha sebetsoa le babusi ho etsa manane a sechuba he wio etter lipalo-palo he note lipalo toe nepaletsing -Bo blokang litsels, Klino e los kaliare lus Kilumitara the Wens mother Kong a tela -ka kebaka la thokalisto eo meksetsi ka hor'a naha lea hesotho, Rosebetsi los meterno los petolos no latela: emetre es moseletri o leng la óns la ipapisoa le 5 Km \* likeletso tsa mokonteraka ho latela maemo a mosebetei Ntha ea mongoli og council ke hore ba lakatsa e ke khiro la Kahar'a Wuntil ea Roking hima le mette e ka thoro he note, na bao be the since thirong. \* Moj. Petlane a araba ka ho funa to set sount so su thing to have 5 km me en utilisions in while here e to sebettoa joan (4) Methols ea loasebetsi \*Mechalo e the looks he assettle belong so be hoking litself x Ho ba litteto e tra puisano ea mohiri se mosebetsi ea jaalo. \* Televisano le tepo ea lihora tse ka thoko ho nato ea mosesetsi COMMUNITY COUNCIL 17 APR 2024 ADMINISTRATION OFFICE THABA - TSEKA

BOKONG
COMMUNITY COUNCIL

Tractions king ST7 APR 2024

Setaka k limela, moby ADMINISTRATION CIFICE
THADA-TSEKA

- metsi, moea, limela, batho, liphoofolo, bajeane las tillotello,

mekleti es mokonterako e lokalu ho baballa Marolo ties trotikoloho le ho se e silajatke

B Polokelia ea boichetsi le sechaba

- liaparo the lebellettoeng sebatung sa fšebetso

- ho boballoe bophelo ba sechaba linakong tha tšebetro

mokonteraka a laole baseletsi khalilonong le malapo

k se habo

- Ho rupelve hasebets: to maju, thock le taolo ea ona.

Thatetes he have havis lipalo-polo tea litheathlobs tra

HIV/AIDS megapha a icanabellang a leke ha lada re
has tribela sethahla sewa Liphuputsong tra hangi
e bile balha ba 4 ha ba 20 ba hlahang ha se
tisaetso. Majapha a ma a kopung ha jama ka lithupelo
metreng pele ha galeha ea masebetsi.

Pholotis es la pharallo hon t'soaetso te tlahi. La homo tebello la hore photolo es nako le nako es basebetsi etla rapolla.

5 Thepa e ameliang natury moderti le litto-mirao - phalliso en thepa - ho thefula texmo la Chelete ho amo molar e kolos hakhutsvanyahe/hoa nako e telele.

-ho lotela ho be le totomane ea tumellano bakeng sa Being to thepa to to both to belets; Machite BOHONG Sa liteliss the repuleting 17 APR 2001

ADMINISTRATIO

Matschifo

Thepeny e nkelvany run, morkansbell o fuod matseliso la ipapisa le boeletsi la litebi tra boleng to materies a thepa (Valuation officers) -titsebí e ba the pelí ho humellana ka muthelisa a reportetseng.

. Kamora ho Wahlojou te Setseti sa muso tuneslamo le boelets: l'tha panoa e ut'o ba mattelito -Matseliso a tsitiso (disturbance) a janoa homogoe secla 17the ho matscribo a thepa e amenileng

\* Koho tela ha e gale ho ettor ho nte ho e-ma le matteliero a LHDA.

Pots: Marseliso a libelia ho motorterako kap letti sa Litselo -Matseliso a tenyo e bo texalo la litsela - Ho thepa e Kalingong te wikarabello bu motonteraka,

Mhaliso to molanselana and Katse, Office etse liphuputto makapi le tigo e amelileng mikong es LHDA le maemo a lillo le matkliso khakong en tsela \* Taking es phalliso ho abor litamiono too har se sechalos ho motho a oa ho lapana le los amenang pusong. \* Ho the selection to liter to 1, engineer have ho COMMUNITY COUNCIL gajoe Ni te 17 APR 2024 ADMINISTRATION OFFICE le Bochabo @Tikoloho, le liphosfoto THABA - TSEKA mentioningans 18 the my liphospolo the Waha li seserison bakeny sa men'ana le lo rulelo motto le livero joalojoalo Katalhelo e ba hlokalasi bakang sa lihidiloeng tse tlakotsing . Mokonterata a lib komeliso Te ho temosoa ka librater le liphopolo le librolioency se hobolosi Ke sechata e kata ku lo tratenda relata la fikulaha Potro le hore no botteto bo that ba feng ho atomicha liphospolo te hlookolosi kapa litlama. . Pele he have no seletione 16 Kuth Botanilal Garden ho boloka litlama the Hokotsing. \* Ho feto mos he have lekala le rupele le ho hlablella sellata La trebeiro e lavletilleng en limetaj ho hivala tse # tlokotsing le methreti en la li tlaleto.

f botho ba Chale) (1) Whipho to be anchony (statebolder) -Method ea his atamela bothseld by fapaneng by hithe habite bothe to thate justing Barra xto funanchile hore ha ho mepeta e joalo ho e eo schaking sa monero. 18) libaka too bokhaba, meetko le litlouelo Libratia tra meetla - mabitta, lithothobolo, muhala, mesho ea khale-khale Lintho the fundange le tra wend bone li thateline moreno o se li senge, o li baballe community con - liemshate lio: Hobellua @ Prefixettano le lipellelo tra Cholete ho 10 Morals on his kempeletra bolik ba amehang (Stateholder Engagement ) Hu selectiva pangle bano noking ca moren - Sechalos - Baxhatlalati \_ lithelo too litala le ho fana ka maikutto Ho be le mobolose a bolokchileng ho funa ka maitutto l'Council la materia; e ka lou mangolo kapa ho letsa - ho etra litopuno le limmoka tro methabillo colhe eo betto joaloka bena, bettoali, likooa, lifofu le be bong ho kangeletso maikutlo a bona a kurelle mererong

Moralo oa mesebetsi Telello la hore World Bank e hishonolofathe miren le ho nelelima ku Chellte. ho batto Consultant e to walloba le ho ba mosufis, 1 - Ho fuga Consultand monyetta ca ho hlahlobo monalo va +selu Ho the latela hore Kennora hore Consultant a highlibe moralo ka nako ea likhoeli tse tseletseng - ho etsoa papatto en llin en molanterala ea lla aha tela -Kluro en Rihabo se tla sepetto other ideas Na tékula la puso en libraka le Public works ba busane no thusana tokyong ea nakuana moo to senychileny. x Roads Directors Thebo-Tseku e tha watela BOKONG COMMUNITY COUNCIL \* Methati ea lo rafo Koari 17 APR 2024 ADMINISTRATION OFFICE DA - Council -> Mareno -> Sechabra THABA. TSEKA \* Mokanteraka a turboe ku libaka tsa litholle fa ku tsoelu pele ho seletisa moo LHDA e nong e ghalla Ho be le lipelhelo le liturellano toutang la taolo Wa nga ea throan Coucil, to joulo ba the thirs who an Countil \* - E mong on Mulanielara a fono to liteboho le Lo tioalla Mohl. Makhabane a kapo hore ho be le tokis ea makoana ka

local yorcerment.

# Appendix 3: Sample Grievance Register

# GRIEVANCE REGISTER

Ref.No.	Date received	Investiga tor	Date closed	Name &Surna me	District	Village/R oad Project	Reportin g method	Type of grievanc e	Outcom e	Date outcome advised to complai nant	Resoluti on accepted or rejected	Signatur e of complai nant	Resolution/a ction recommend ed	Escalati on of grievan ce	Notes

Appendix 4: Component 2 Engagement Registers

No	Name and Surname	Organization	Designation	Email	Contacts
1	Tseko Nyesemane	Revenue Services Lesotho	Deputy Commissioner Customs	t.nyesemane@rsl.org.ls	62212120
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7	Likeleli Sehlabaka	LTV	Journalist	rosesehlabaka@gmail.co	68825157
				<u>m</u>	
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			Advisory Services		
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		Business			
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	•	•	•	•	•

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